

Lecture 9 - Oct. 5

Testing Exceptions & TDD

Testing Exceptions: Console Testers
Testing Exceptions: JUnit Tests

Announcements

- Programming Test 1
- Lab2
- Reading Week

A Class for Bounded Counters

```
public class Counter {
    public final static int MAX_VALUE = 3;
    public final static int MIN_VALUE = 0;
    private int value;
    public Counter() {
        this.value = Counter.MIN_VALUE;
    }
    public int getValue() {
        return value;
    }
    ... /* more later!
```

```
/* class Counter */
    public void increment() throws ValueTooLargeException {
        if (value == Counter.MAX_VALUE) { Correct
            throw new ValueTooLargeException("counter value is " + value);
        }
        else { value ++; }
    }

    public void decrement() throws ValueTooSmallException {
        if (value == Counter.MIN_VALUE) {
            throw new ValueTooSmallException("counter value is " + value);
        }
        else { value --; }
    }
}
```

Correct.

Manual Tester 1 from the Console

```
1 public class CounterTester1 {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         Counter c = new Counter();
4         println("Init val: " + c.getValue());
5         try {
6             c.decrement();
7             println("Error: ValueTooSmallException NOT thrown.");
8         }
9         catch (ValueTooSmallException e) {
10            println("Success: ValueTooSmallException thrown.");
11        }
12    } /* end of main method */
13 } /* end of class CounterTester1 */
```

```
1 public class CounterTester1 {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         Counter c = new Counter();
4         println("Init val: " + c.getValue());
5         try {
6             c.decrement();
7             println("Error: ValueTooSmallException NOT thrown.");
8         }
9         catch (ValueTooSmallException e) {
10            println("Success: ValueTooSmallException thrown.");
11        }
12    } /* end of main method */
13 } /* end of class CounterTester1 */
```

What if decrement is implemented **correctly**?

Expected Behaviour:

Calling `c.decrement()` when `c.value` is 0 should trigger a `ValueTooSmallException`.

What if decrement is implemented **incorrectly**?
e.g., It only throws VTSE when `c.value < 0`

Running Console Tester 1 on Correct Implementation

```
public void decrement() throws ValueTooSmallException {  
    if (value == Counter.MIN_VALUE) {  
        throw new ValueTooSmallException("counter value is " + value);  
    }  
    else { value --; }  
}
```

Imp. (Correct)

```
1 public class CounterTester1 {  
2     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3         Counter c = new Counter();  
4         println("Init val: " + c.getValue());  
5         try {  
6             c.decrement();  
7             X println("Error: ValueTooSmallException NOT thrown.");  
8         }  
9         catch (ValueTooSmallException e) {  
10            println("Success: ValueTooSmallException thrown.");  
11        }  
12    } /* end of main method */  
13 } /* end of class CounterTester1 */
```

tpjt.

→ throws VTSSE 0

Running Console Tester 1 on Incorrect Implementation



```
public void decrement() throws ValueTooSmallException {  
    if (value < Counter.MIN_VALUE) {  
        throw new ValueTooSmallException("counter value is " + value);  
    }  
    else { value --; }  
}
```

Handwritten notes:
- Blue circles around '0' in 'throws' and '0' in 'value < Counter.MIN_VALUE'.
- A red box around 'value < Counter.MIN_VALUE'.
- A blue 'X' and a blue arrow pointing to the 'throw' statement.
- A blue arrow pointing to 'value --;'.
- A blue '-1' written below the 'else' block.
- Red text 'imp (wrong)' written to the right of the code block.

```
1 public class CounterTester1 {  
2     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3         Counter c = new Counter();  
4         println("Init val: " + c.getValue());  
5         try {  
6             c.decrement();  
7             println("Error: ValueTooSmallException NOT thrown.");  
8         }  
9         catch (ValueTooSmallException e) {  
10            println("Success: ValueTooSmallException thrown.");  
11        }  
12    } /* end of main method */  
13 } /* end of class CounterTester1 */
```

Handwritten notes:
- Blue arrows pointing to lines 3, 4, 5, 6, and 7.
- A blue checkmark next to line 5.
- Blue text 'expected VTSME not thrown' written next to line 6.
- A blue 'X' and a blue bracket next to the catch block (lines 9-11).
- A pink highlight on the text 'Error: ValueTooSmallException NOT thrown.' in line 7.

Manual Tester 2 from the Console

```
1 public class CounterTester2 {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         Counter c = new Counter();
4         println("Current val: " + c.getValue());
5         try {
6             c.increment(); c.increment(); c.increment();
7             println("Current val: " + c.getValue());
8             try {
9                 c.increment();
10                println("Error: ValueTooLargeException NOT thrown.");
11            } /* end of inner try */
12            catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {
13                println("Success: ValueTooLargeException thrown.");
14            } /* end of inner catch */
15        } /* end of outer try */
16        catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {
17            println("Error: ValueTooLargeException thrown unexpectedly.");
18        } /* end of outer catch */
19    } /* end of main method */
20 } /* end of CounterTester2 class */
```

Test Case 3

- Nothing unexpected occurs.
- Everything expected occurs.

Test Case 1

VTLE thrown unexpectedly

Test Case 2

VTLE not thrown as expected

no VTL
expected

VTLE expected

0 1 2 3

Running Console Tester 2 on (Correct) Implementation 1

```
public void increment() throws ValueTooLargeException {  
    if (value == Counter.MAX_VALUE) { correct.  
        throw new ValueTooLargeException("counter value is " + value);  
    }  
    else { value++; }  
}
```

```
1 public class CounterTester2 {  
2     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3         Counter c = new Counter();  
4         println("Current val: " + c.getValue());  
5         try {  
6             c.increment(); c.increment(); c.increment();  
7             println("Current val: " + c.getValue());  
8             try {  
9                 c.increment(); throw NPE  
10                println("Error: ValueTooLargeException NOT thrown.");  
11                /* end of inner try */  
12            } catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
13                println("Success: ValueTooLargeException thrown.");  
14            } /* end of inner catch */  
15        } /* end of outer try */  
16        catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
17            println("Error: ValueTooLargeException thrown unexpectedly.");  
18        } /* end of outer catch */  
19    } /* end of main method */  
20 } /* end of CounterTester2 class */
```

Running Console Tester 2 on (Incorrect) Implementation 2

```
public void increment() throws ValueTooLargeException {  
    if (value <= Counter.MAX_VALUE) {  
        throw new ValueTooLargeException("counter value is " + value);  
    }  
    else { value++; }  
}
```

Incorrect imp.

```
1 public class CounterTester2 {  
2     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3         Counter c = new Counter();  
4         println("Current val: " + c.getValue());  
5         try {  
6             c.increment(); c.increment(); c.increment();  
7             println("Current val: " + c.getValue());  
8             try {  
9                 c.increment();  
10                println("Error: ValueTooLargeException NOT thrown.");  
11            } /* end of inner try */  
12            catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
13                println("Success: ValueTooLargeException thrown.");  
14            } /* end of inner catch */  
15        } /* end of outer try */  
16        catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
17            println("Error: ValueTooLargeException thrown unexpectedly.");  
18        } /* end of outer catch */  
19    } /* end of main method */  
20 } /* end of CounterTester2 class */
```

Running Console Tester 2 on (Incorrect) Implementation 3

```
public void increment() throws ValueTooLargeException {  
    if (value >= Counter.MAX_VALUE) {  
        throw new ValueTooLargeException("counter value is " + value);  
    }  
    else { value++; }  
}
```

>

```
1 public class CounterTester2 {  
2     public static void main(String[] args) {  
3         Counter c = new Counter();  
4         println("Current val: " + c.getValue());  
5         try {  
6             c.increment(); c.increment(); c.increment();  
7             println("Current val: " + c.getValue());  
8             try {  
9                 c.increment();  
10                println("Error: ValueTooLargeException NOT thrown.");  
11            } /* end of inner try */  
12        } catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
13            println("Success: ValueTooLargeException thrown.");  
14        } /* end of inner catch */  
15    } /* end of outer try */  
16    } catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {  
17        println("Error: ValueTooLargeException thrown unexpectedly.");  
18    } /* end of outer catch */  
19 } /* end of main method */  
20 } /* end of CounterTester2 class */
```

Exercise

say: incorrect so that
VTLException thrown prematurely.

Question. Can this alternative to ConsoleTester2 work (without nested try-catch)?

```
1 public class CounterTester2 {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         Counter c = new Counter();
4         println("Current val: " + c.getValue());
5         try {
6             c.increment(); c.increment(); c.increment();
7             println("Current val: " + c.getValue());
8         }
9         catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {
10            println("Error: ValueTooLargeException thrown unexpectedly.");
11        }
12        try {
13            c.increment();
14            println("Error: ValueTooLargeException NOT thrown.");
15        } /* end of inner try */
16        catch (ValueTooLargeException e) {
17            println("Success: ValueTooLargeException thrown.");
18        } /* end of inner catch */
19    } /* end of main method */
20 } /* end of CounterTester2 class */
```

not skipped even if an error has been identified

if this line was also present: contradiction!

Hint: What if one of the first 3 c.increment() mistakenly throws a ValueTooLargeException?

A Manual, Iterative Console Tester

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class CounterTester3 {
    public static void main(String[] args) {
        Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
        String cmd = null; Counter c = new Counter();
        boolean userWantsToContinue = true;
        while (userWantsToContinue) {
            println("Enter \"inc\", \"dec\", or \"val\":");
            cmd = input.nextLine();
            try {
                if (cmd.equals("inc")) { c.increment(); }
                else if (cmd.equals("dec")) { c.decrement(); }
                else if (cmd.equals("val")) { println(c.getValue()); }
                else { userWantsToContinue = false; println("Bye!"); }
            } /* end of try */
            catch (ValueTooLargeException e) { println("Value too big!"); }
            catch (ValueTooSmallException e) { println("Value too small!"); }
        } /* end of while */
    } /* end of main method */
} /* end of class CounterTester3 */
```

may throw VLE

may throw VSE

JUnit: Where an Exception is Expected (1)

JUnit Test

```
1 @Test
2 public void testDecFromMinValue() {
3     Counter c = new Counter();
4     assertEquals(Counter.MIN_VALUE, c.getValue());
5     try {
6         c.decrement();
7         fail("ValueTooSmallException is expected.");
8     }
9     catch (ValueTooSmallException e) {
10        /* Exception is expected to be thrown. */
11    }
12 }
```

do nothing,
∴ a JUnit test
without (1) assertion
failures or
exceptions

Console Tester

```
1 public class CounterTester1 {
2     public static void main(String[] args) {
3         Counter c = new Counter();
4         println("Init val: " + c.getValue());
5         try {
6             c.decrement();
7             println("Error: ValueTooSmallException NOT thrown.");
8         }
9         catch (ValueTooSmallException e) {
10            println("Success: ValueTooSmallException thrown.");
11        }
12    } /* end of main method */
13 } /* end of class CounterTester1 */
```

∴ exceptions
would pass

fail
the
current
test
right
away